

# ?? A QUESTION ??

## THE PEOPLE MUST DECIDE

### SHALL THE VIADUCT EXTEND TO VINE OR JACKSON AV?

#### TO THE PEOPLE OF KNOXVILLE;--

Recognizing that a new viaduct on Gay street across the tracks of the Southern Railway is of paramount importance and that immediate steps must be taken to provide this structure the city commission has resolved to begin this work just as soon after March 11, as it is practicable. Of course, some time will be consumed in completing details in respect to plans and specifications and awarding the contract but the time thus required will be minimized by the work that is now under way in regard to plans, engineers having already been engaged and are now working on same.

Now, in response to what seemed to be a popular demand by the citizens of the city for a viaduct from Depot street to Vine avenue the city commission has asked the people to go to the polls March 11, next, and there register their votes either for or against the proposition to issue \$200,000, in bonds of the city to be paid off in series of \$10,000, annually for twenty years, the proceeds of which to be used in paying the city's part of such a structure and in paying incidental damages to property thereon as the same may be adjudged and awarded.

#### VINE OR JACKSON

In asking the people to vote on this question it is the desire of the commission to have them exercise their privilege given by the laws of the state and city, and the commission desires to know the preference of the people relative to the question of where the southern terminus of said viaduct shall be, that is to say, shall it be at or near Vine street, or shall it be at Jackson avenue?

On March 11 you are asked to register your answer, Say 'yes' or 'no' as your judgment may dictate. It is true that you will not vote directly on the question, rather you will vote for or against a serial bond issue of \$200,000, but your vote will, in reality be for or against a viaduct terminating at or near Vine Av. on Gay St. for without proceeds of such an issue it will be impossible for the commission to build a viaduct that will reach beyond Jackson Av. there being now but \$149,500 available for this purpose and a great deal of this sum is badly needed for other bridges in other points in the city.

This statement is made at this time so that the people will be fully apprised of the decision of the commission namely; to build a new viaduct at the place before mentioned, and it depends absolutely on what the people say March 11 whether it will be from Depot St. to Vine Av. or from Depot St. to Jackson Av. the latter being the present location so far as termini are concerned. At this election express your desire by your vote and the commission will be governed accordingly; for we are your servants and your will shall be our guide.

#### MUST PAY POLL TAX

But, please remember that, in order to vote, if you are within the age limit, that is between 21 and 50 years, you must have a poll tax receipt for the year 1918, and this poll tax must be obtained 30 days previous to March 11; which means that you must get your poll tax receipt on or before February 8th of this year. Now, in a matter of so much importance, you cannot afford to be disqualified to vote. Let all be prepared to cast a ballot and let that ballot be your expression and we shall endeavor to comply with your will insofar as your needs and mandates may direct.

A bridge on one or the other of the aforesaid locations must of necessity be built now, for we are constantly menaced with the dread of being forced to close the present structure at any day.

Respectfully

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS, CITY OF KNOXVILLE

## GIVEN ALMOST ALL DEMANDS

Workers Gain by Wage Readjustment Recently Made at New York.

### 8-HOUR DAY ESTABLISHED

That Point Conceded, Among Others—Forty-five Thousand Longshoremen Affected by the Ruling—Other Unions Win Raise.

A wage readjustment for longshoremen and coopers or repairers working on deepwater vessels was made public at New York by the national adjustment commission. The chief points were:

Establishment of an eight-hour day with a Saturday half-holiday.

One dollar an hour for overtime instead of the old rate of 75 cents.

Raising of the former wage of 50 cents an hour for regular work to 65 cents.

Forty-five thousand longshoremen in New York, Baltimore, Boston, Norfolk and Newport News are affected by the ruling, which was announced as effective from October 1, 1918, to September 30, 1919, unless the commission should upon "its own motion, upon grounds of national policy," decide otherwise.

The cargo repair men or coopers affected were of the port of New York, the announcement reading that their wage conditions should be the same as those of the longshoremen.

A member of the commission said that an award had been decided upon for the checkers, who, through their union, had asked for an eight-hour day instead of one of nine hours, and a daily wage of \$6 instead of the \$3.75 now in vogue.

Deep sea longshoremen had asked for an increase over the 65 cents an hour for regular work.

The commission decided the issues at meetings in New York. Employers and workers told their claims.

### GENERAL LABOR NEWS.

There are 20,000 trade unionists in Tacoma, Wash.

Six thousand bakers are employed at Buenos Aires, Argentina.

In 1918 Germany had 771 labor unions; it now has about 450.

Bricklayers at Derry, Ireland, have been granted increased wages.

Oregon has a workman's minimum wage of \$11.61 for factory workers.

Paris (Tex.) bookbinders have received an increase of \$2.50 and \$3 a week.

The Universal shipyard at Houston, Tex., has a woman oakum spinner who works nine hours every day.

Mobile (Ala.) shoe, grocery, department store men and women clerks to the number of 300 have organized.

Members of the Baltimore brewery workers' union have been notified of a voluntary increase of \$2 per week.

All workmen at Victoria, B. C., employed in the provincial department of public works will be placed on an eight-hour basis.

Investigations show that woman operatives on drill presses and milling machines are from 25 to 50 per cent faster than men.

The United States employment bureau is now supplying labor to essential industries at the rate of a quarter of a million a week.

Striking Wexford (Ireland) engineers have refused to comply with the request of the ministry of labor that they return to work.

Nearly 800 members of the molders' and coremakers' unions of the Pittsburgh district have been conceded an increase of 75 cents per day.

Delegates from the various unions on the southern railroads met recently and completed a federation of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks.

New Zealand's dairy industry owes much of its prosperity to the success of milking machines, of which between 8,000 and 10,000 are in use there.

Typographical unions of the Northwest territory, which includes Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia, will ask a uniform wage scale.

Liability insurance companies in Wisconsin must accept awards of the Wisconsin industrial commission, even though the commission does not give them time to contest the award in courts.

According to telegrams received by the state council of defense, nonessential industries will be bombed more closely in Illinois. More workers for ammunition plants are wanted as the result of the destruction of the New Jersey plant. Supplies have been retarded for months and to keep up the offensive on the west front federal employment agents will be kept busy getting munition workers.

Acceptance of Laredo, Tex., by the Mexican Federation of Labor for the international labor conference, on November 18, in response to the invitation of the American Federation of Labor, was announced by the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy.

Women have supplanted men in another occupation—the handling of lumber. Seventy-five Polish women now are loading lumber for the Pearson & Ludascher Lumber company at its pier at Philadelphia. They receive the same wages as men, but their hours are shorter. Over 100 women applied to the company for work.

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Send Us Your Job Printing. We do Job printing at fair prices.

## STAUBS THEATRE

Tuesday Night, Feb. 4

The Funniest Comedy Ever Written. One Solid Year at Cohans Theatre

### IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

You'll Laugh- You'll Yell, You'll Scream

You'll Collapse

Friday & Saturday Nights Feb. 7-8

Special Matinee Saturday

Now For Some Fun. The Whirlie Girl Show.

### Oh! SAMMY A MUSICAL COMEDY

A Razzle Dazzle Of Fun.

Music and Francing Girls

### SUDDEN CHANGE NOT LIKELY

Neither Employers Nor Employees in Big Center of Industry Worried Over Situation.

Capital and labor in the Pittsburgh district are optimistic concerning the labor situation, as a result of the abrupt ending of the world war. It is the opinion of large employers of labor and labor organization leaders that no material changes will take place within the near future.

The large majority of mills holding war contracts are continuing to operate on a wartime basis, with the exception of a few plants which have discontinued overtime pay. Signs have been posted in some of the mills warning the men not to be alarmed at the sudden change in the condition of national affairs but to remain at their posts.

While it is conceded that inevitably there must be a readjustment of labor in the vast industrial district, it appears that the employers fully realize the grave dangers of cutting salaries or dumping war workers indiscriminately on the labor market with food at its present prices.

Fortunately the majority of the larger plants in the Pittsburgh district, which have been engaged in war work, are so constructed and equipped that they can be converted into peacetime industrial plants without entailing financial loss of consequence.

One development, a fundamental change in the attitude of steel men in handling labor problems, will make room for more labor. As rapidly as possible, led by the United States Steel corporation, the steel mills in the Pittsburgh district will be placed on an eight-hour basis, substituting three shifts and continuous operation of plants, for the double shift arrangement and an 11 and 12-hour day.

### IRON PUDDLERS ABLE TO EARN \$25 A DAY

By the wage settlement recently between the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers and the Western Bar Iron association, the wages of puddlers in mills throughout the country subscribing to the amalgamated wage agreement were increased to \$16.80 a ton. Finishers' wages were correspondingly raised. The present wage is virtually double any ever paid before the present upward movement started. A puddler and his helper are now able to earn a maximum of about \$25 a day.

### FIGHTING PARSON GETS WAR CROSS

John Clifford Wearing Y. M. C. A. Uniform, Proves Himself Real Hero

New York, Jan. ...—There have many war heroes, but there is certainly no more conspicuously heroic figure than John H. Clifford, Baptist minister in time of peace, but real fighter in time of war, who has been awarded the Croix de Guerre for extraordinary heroism in action.

John Clifford, as a Y. M. C. A. worker, braved the red wrath of war. He has been in the firing zone as much as the hardest infantryman and was decorated for a most unusual exploit. He was one of three men who braved incessant enemy shell fire while rescuing Col. Albertus W. Catlin, commanding officer of the Sixth regiment of Marines. The trio carried the colonel to safety on a stretcher.

Mr. Clifford went over the top many times and came near being killed on several occasions. He is fifty-one years old and was born at Oxford, England, and has preached the gospel in many parts of the world. When given a chance to serve with the Y. M. C. A. in France, he knew that it was a good thing, and he jumped at it.

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### Massacres Committed By Turks.

Constantinople.—Turkish oppression of Greeks living on the Southern Coast of the Black Sea continues, according to the Greek newspaper Neologos, which says that forces necessary to carry out the armistice have not reached the Black Sea ports. The newspaper estimates that 250,000 Greeks of the Black Sea Coast were massacred during the war by the Turks and that 250,000 more were forced to seek refuge in Russia. It says that the Turkish officer who was in charge of the devastation of the Greek provinces of Karaman and Konya at present holds the post of Chief of Police in Trabzon.

### INSOLVENCY NOTICE.

The insolvency of the estate of Frank Sanders, deceased, having been suggested by the undersigned to the County Court of Knox County, Tennessee, and an order predicated thereon having been made, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same, duly authenticated, in the manner prescribed by law on or before the Fifteenth day of July, 1919, or the same will be forever barred both in law and in equity.

Dated at Knoxville, Tenn., on this 14th day of January 1919

W. F. Miller, Administrator of Frank Sanders, Deceased.

### NON-RESIDENT ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

TO HENRY H. BARNETT

Gertrude H. Barnett vs. Henry H. Barnett

State of Tennessee, In Chancery Court of Knox County, No. 16413

In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed which is sworn to that the defendant Henry H. Barnett is indebted to complainant and is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon him, and an attachment having been issued and levied on the defendant's property, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of March next and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the KNOXVILLE INDEPENDENT for four consecutive weeks.

This 22nd day of January, 1919

J. C. FORD Clerk & Master.

Will D. Wright, Sol.

Jan. 25 Feb. 1 8 15 1919

### NON-RESIDENT ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

Chavannes Lumber Co. vs. W. C. Karnes et al

State of Tennessee, In Chancery Court of Knox County, No. 16400

In this cause, it appearing from the original bill filed which is sworn to that the defendant W. C. Karnes is justly indebted to complainant and is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, and an attachment having been issued and levied on the defendant's property, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of March next and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the KNOXVILLE INDEPENDENT for four consecutive weeks.

This 21st day of Jan. 1919

J. C. FORD, C. & M

O. T. White, Sol.

Jan. 25 Feb. 1 8 15 -1919

### NOTICE OF INSOLVENCY.

To the Creditors of the estate of H. T. Turner, Deceased.

The insolvency of the estate of H. T. Turner, deceased, having been suggested to the County Court Clerk of Knox County, Tennessee, notice is hereby given, as required by the order of said Clerk, to all persons having claims against said estate to file the same with the clerk of said court at his office in Knoxville, properly verified as required by law, on or before the 8th day of July 1919, or be forever barred. Any one indebted to the said estate is hereby notified to make payment to me at once.

Noble Smithson Administrator.

January 25 Feb. 1 8 15 1919

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